MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Senator(s) Bean

To: Judiciary

SENATE BILL NO. 2103 (As Sent to Governor)

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 93-17-5, 93-17-6 AND 93-17-7, 2 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO EXTEND THE REVERTERS AND REPEALERS ON 3 THOSE STATUTES PROVIDING PROCEDURES FOR THE DETERMINATION OF 4 RIGHTS OF AN ALLEGED FATHER IN ADOPTION PROCEEDINGS; AND FOR 5 RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE 6 OF MISSISSIPPI: 7

8 SECTION 1. Section 93-17-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 9 amended as follows:

93-17-5. (1) There shall be made parties to the proceeding 10 by process or by the filing therein of a consent to the adoption 11 proposed in the petition, which consent shall be duly sworn to or 12 acknowledged and executed only by the following persons, but not 13 14 before seventy-two (72) hours after the birth of said child: (a) 15 the parents, or parent, if only one (1) parent, though either be under the age of twenty-one (21) years; or, (b) in the event both 16 parents are dead, then any two (2) adult kin of the child within 17 the third degree computed according to the civil law, provided 18 that, if one of such kin is in possession of the child, he or she 19 20 shall join in the petition or be made a party to the suit; or, (c) the guardian ad litem of an abandoned child, upon petition showing 21 22 that the names of the parents of such child are unknown after diligent search and inquiry by the petitioners. In addition to 23 the above, there shall be made parties to any proceeding to adopt 24 a child, either by process or by the filing of a consent to the 25 adoption proposed in the petition, the following: 26

(i) Those persons having physical custody of such
child, except persons having such child as foster parents as a
result of placement with them by the Department of Human Services

S. B. No. 2103 99\SS02\R76SG PAGE 1 30 of the State of Mississippi.

(ii) Any person to whom custody of such child may
have been awarded by a court of competent jurisdiction of the
State of Mississippi.

34 (iii) The agent of the county Department of Human
35 Services of the State of Mississippi that has placed a child in
36 foster care, either by agreement or by court order.

37 (2) Such consent may also be executed and filed by the duly 38 authorized officer or representative of a home to whose care the 39 child has been delivered. The child shall join the petition by 40 its next friend.

41 [Until June 30, 2001, this subsection (3) shall read as 42 follows:]

43 (3) In the case of a child born out of wedlock, the father 44 shall not have a right to object to an adoption unless he has demonstrated, within the period ending thirty (30) days after the 45 birth of the child, a full commitment to the responsibilities of 46 parenthood. Determination of the rights of the father of a child 47 born out of wedlock may be made in proceedings pursuant to a 48 49 Petition for Determination of Rights as provided in Section 50 93-17-6.

51 [From and after July 1, 2001, this subsection (3) shall read 52 as follows:]

53 (3) In the case of a child born out of wedlock, the father 54 shall not be deemed to be a parent for the purpose of this 55 chapter, and no reference shall be made to the illegitimacy of 56 such child.

57 If such consent be not filed, then process shall be had (4) 58 upon the parties as provided by law for process in person or by 59 publication, if they be nonresidents of the state or are not found therein, after diligent search and inquiry, or are unknown after 60 diligent search and inquiry; provided that the court or chancellor 61 in vacation may fix a date in termtime or in vacation to which 62 63 process may be returnable and shall have power to proceed in 64 termtime or vacation. In any event, if the child is more than 65 fourteen (14) years of age, a consent to the adoption, sworn to or acknowledged by the child, shall also be required or personal 66 67 service of process shall be had upon the child in the same manner S. B. No. 2103 99\SS02\R76SG PAGE 2

68 and in the same effect as if it were an adult.

69 SECTION 2. Section 93-17-6, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 70 amended as follows:

71 93-17-6. (1) Any person who would be a necessary party to 72 an adoption proceeding under this chapter and any person alleged or claiming to be the father of a child born out of wedlock who is 73 74 proposed for adoption or who has been determined to be such by any 75 administrative or judicial procedure (the "alleged father") may 76 file a petition for determination of rights as a preliminary 77 pleading to a petition for adoption in any court which would have jurisdiction and venue of an adoption proceeding. A petition for 78 79 determination of rights may be filed at any time after the period ending thirty (30) days after the birth of the child. 80 Should competing petitions be filed in two (2) or more courts having 81 jurisdiction and venue, the court in which the first such petition 82 83 was properly filed shall have jurisdiction over the whole 84 proceeding until its disposition. The prospective adopting parents need not be a party to such petition. Where the child's 85 86 biological mother has surrendered the child to a home for 87 adoption, the home may represent the biological mother and her 88 interests in this proceeding.

89 (2) The court shall set this petition for hearing as 90 expeditiously as possible allowing not less than ten (10) days' 91 notice from the service or completion of process on the parties to 92 be served.

93 (3) The sole matter for determination under a petition for 94 determination of rights is whether the alleged father has a right 95 to object to an adoption as set out in Section 93-17-5(3).

96 (4) Proof of an alleged father's full commitment to the 97 responsibilities of parenthood would be shown by proof that, in 98 accordance with his means and knowledge of the mother's pregnancy 99 or the child's birth, that he either:

100 (a) Provided financial support, including, but not 101 limited to, the payment of consistent support to the mother during S. B. No. 2103 99\SS02\R76SG PAGE 3 her pregnancy, contributions to the payment of the medical expenses of pregnancy and birth, and contributions of consistent support of the child after birth; that he frequently and consistently visited the child after birth; and that he is now willing and able to assume legal and physical care of the child; or

(b) Was willing to provide such support and to visit the child and that he made reasonable attempts to manifest such a parental commitment, but was thwarted in his efforts by the mother or her agents, and that he is now willing and able to assume legal and physical care of the child.

(5) If the court determines that the alleged father has not met his full responsibilities of parenthood, it shall enter an order terminating his parental rights and he shall have no right to object to an adoption under Section 93-17-7.

(6) If the court determines that the alleged father has met his full responsibilities of parenthood and that he objects to the child's adoption, the court shall set the matter as a contested adoption in accord with Section 93-17-8.

121 (7) A petition for determination of rights may be used to 122 determine the rights of alleged fathers whose identity is unknown 123 or uncertain. In such cases the court shall determine what, if 124 any, notice can be and is to be given such persons.

125 Determinations of rights under the procedure of this section may 126 also be made under a petition for adoption.

127 (8) Petitions for determination of rights shall be
128 considered adoption cases and all subsequent proceedings such as a
129 contested adoption under Section 93-17-8 and the adoption
130 proceeding itself shall be portions of the same file.

(9) A petition for determination of rights may not be filed
after a final decree of adoption has become incontestable under
Section 93-17-15.

134 (10) This Section 93-17-6 shall stand repealed from and 135 after July 1, <u>2001</u>. S. B. No. 2103 99\SS02\R76SG

PAGE 4

136 SECTION 3. Section 93-17-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 137 amended as follows:

138 [Until June 30, 2001, this section shall read as follows:] 93-17-7. (1) No infant shall be adopted to any person if 139 140 either parent, after having been summoned, shall appear and object thereto before the making of a decree for adoption, unless it 141 142 shall be made to appear to the court from evidence touching such 143 matters that the parent so objecting had abandoned or deserted such infant or is mentally, or morally, or otherwise unfit to rear 144 145 and train it, including, but not limited to, those matters set out in subsection (2) below, in either of which cases the adoption may 146 147 be decreed notwithstanding the objection of such parent, first considering the welfare of the child, or children, sought to be 148 149 adopted. Provided, however, the parents shall not be summoned in 150 the adoption proceedings nor have the right to object thereto if 151 the parental rights of the parent or parents have been terminated 152 by the procedure set forth in Sections 93-15-101 through 93-15-111, and such termination shall be res judicata on the 153 154 question of parental abandonment or unfitness in the adoption 155 proceedings. Appointment of a guardian ad litem by the court 156 shall not be mandatory when the adoption is uncontested or where 157 all necessary parties have been properly summoned and no party has filed an objection to the proceeding. 158

159 (2) An adoption may be allowed over the objection of a160 parent where:

(a) The parent has abused the child. For purposes of this paragraph, abuse means the infliction of physical or mental injury which causes deterioration to the child, sexual abuse, exploitation or overworking of a child to such an extent that his health or moral or emotional well-being is endangered.

(b) The parent has not consistently offered to provide
reasonably necessary food, clothing, appropriate shelter and
treatment for the child. For purposes of this paragraph,

169 treatment means medical care or other health services provided in S. B. No. 2103 99\SS02\R76SG PAGE 5 170 accordance with the tenets of a well-recognized religious method 171 of healing with a reasonable, proven record of success.

(c) The parent suffers from a medical or emotional illness, mental deficiency, behavior or conduct disorder, severe physical disability, substance abuse or chemical dependency which makes him unable or unwilling to provide an adequate permanent home for the child at the present time or in the reasonably near future based upon expert opinion or based upon an established pattern of behavior.

(d) Viewed in its entirety, the parent's past or present conduct, including his criminal convictions, would pose a risk of substantial harm to the physical, mental or emotional health of the child.

(e) The parent has engaged in acts or omissions
permitting termination of parental rights under Section 93-15-103,
subsections (2) and (3)(a), (b), (d) or (e).

(f) The enumeration of conduct or omissions in this subsection (2) in no way limits the court's power to such enumerated conduct or omissions in determining a parent's abandonment or desertion of the child or unfitness under subparagraph (1) above.

191 [From and after July 1, 2001, this section shall read as 192 follows.]

193 No infant shall be adopted to any person if either parent, after having been summoned, shall appear and object thereto before 194 195 the making of a decree for adoption, unless it shall be made to appear to the court from evidence touching such matters that the 196 parent so objecting had abandoned or deserted such infant or is 197 198 mentally, or morally, or otherwise unfit to rear and train it, including, but not limited to, being within any of the grounds 199 200 requiring termination of parental rights as set forth in subsections (2) and (3)(a), (b), (d) or (e) of Section 93-15-103 201 202 in either of which cases the adoption may be decreed 203 notwithstanding the objection of such parent, first considering S. B. No. 2103 99\SS02\R76SG PAGE 6

the welfare of the child, or children, sought to be adopted. 204 205 Provided, however, the parents shall not be summoned in the adoption proceedings nor have the right to object thereto if the 206 207 parental rights of the parent or parents have been terminated by the procedure set forth in Sections 93-15-101 through 93-15-111, 208 209 and such termination shall be res judicata on the question of parental abandonment or unfitness in the adoption proceedings. 210 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from 211 212 and after June 30, 1999.